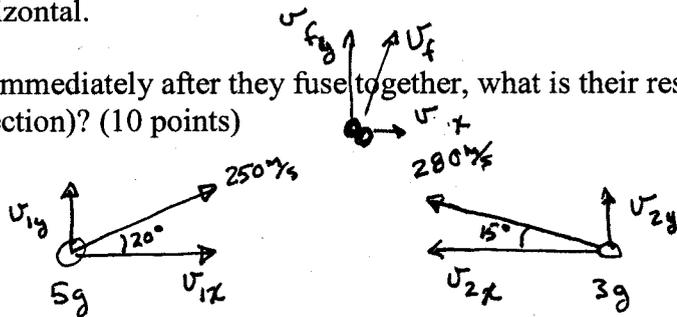


In the Battle of Gettysburg, the fighting was so intense that several bullets struck each other and fused together. Assume a 5.00 g Union bullet moving to the right at a speed of 250.0 m/s at an angle $\theta_1 = 20^\circ$ above the horizontal collides with a 3.00 g Confederate bullet moving to the left at a speed of 280.0 m/s at an angle of $\theta_2 = 15^\circ$ above the horizontal.

a. Immediately after they fuse together, what is their resulting velocity (magnitude and direction)? (10 points)



$$m_1 U_{1x} - m_2 U_{2x} = (m_1 + m_2) U_{fx} = (5g)(250 \text{ m/s}) \cos 20^\circ - (3g)(280 \text{ m/s}) \cos 15^\circ = 811 \frac{\text{g}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$m_1 U_{1y} + m_2 U_{2y} = (m_1 + m_2) U_{fy} = (5g)(250 \text{ m/s}) \sin 20^\circ + (3g)(280 \text{ m/s}) \sin 15^\circ = 869 \frac{\text{g}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$U_{fx} = \frac{1170 \frac{\text{g}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}} - 811 \frac{\text{g}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}}}{8g} = 44.9 \text{ m/s}$$

$$U_{fy} = \frac{427 \frac{\text{g}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}} + 217 \frac{\text{g}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{s}}}{8g} = 80.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$U_f = \sqrt{U_{fx}^2 + U_{fy}^2} = \sqrt{(44.9 \text{ m/s})^2 + (80.5 \text{ m/s})^2} = \boxed{92.2 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{U_{fy}}{U_{fx}}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{80.5 \text{ m/s}}{44.9 \text{ m/s}}\right) = 60.5^\circ$$

b. How much total kinetic energy is lost in the collision? (5 points)

$$K_i = \frac{1}{2} m_1 U_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 U_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} (.005 \text{ kg})(250 \text{ m/s})^2 + \frac{1}{2} (.003 \text{ kg})(280 \text{ m/s})^2 = 156.25 \text{ J} + 117.6 \text{ J} = 274 \text{ J}$$

$$K_f = \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) U_f^2 = \frac{1}{2} (.008) (92.2 \text{ m/s})^2 = 34 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta K = K_f - K_i = 34 \text{ J} - 274 \text{ J} = \boxed{-240 \text{ J}}$$