

1. Given the following function:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 < t < \frac{T}{2} \\ t-T & \frac{T}{2} < t < T \end{cases}$$

- Draw a graph of the function over several cycles.
- Represent this function by a Fourier series

(Hint: You can integrate over any period you choose. It does not have to be 0->T.

2. A Triangle wave is represented by :

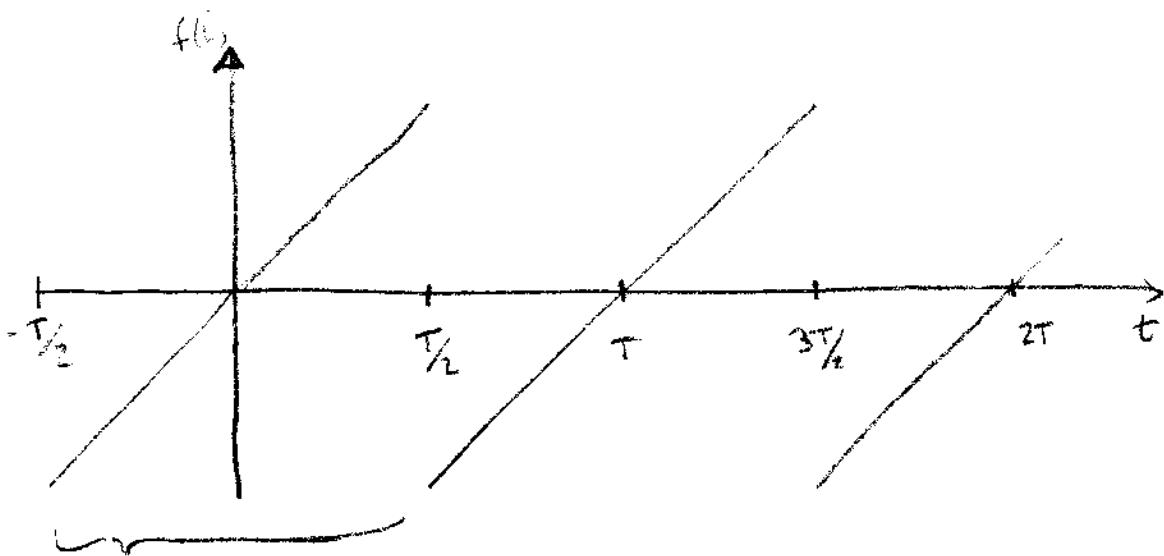
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} -t & -\frac{T}{2} < t < 0 \\ t & 0 < t < \frac{T}{2} \end{cases}$$

- Draw a graph of the function over several cycles.
- Represent this function by a Fourier series

3. KFCS #1.15.1

4. KFCS #1.15.7

$$1. f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 < t < \frac{T}{2} \\ t-T & \frac{T}{2} < t < T \end{cases}$$



Use Period from
 $-T/2 \rightarrow T/2$

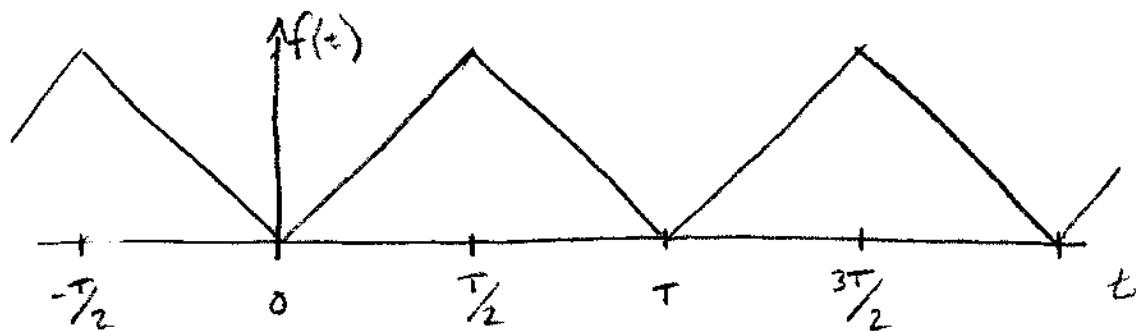
$$A_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} t \, dt = 0$$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} t \cos(n\omega t) \, dt = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} t \sin(n\omega t) \, dt & u &= t & dv &= \sin n\omega t \, dt \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left\{ \left[-\frac{t}{n\omega} \cos n\frac{2\pi}{T} t \right]_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} + \frac{1}{n\omega} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} \cos n\omega t \, dt \right\} & du &= dt & v &= -\frac{1}{n\omega} \cos n\omega t \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left[-\frac{T}{2n\omega} \cos n\frac{2\pi}{T} \frac{T}{2} + \frac{-T}{2n\omega} \cos n\frac{2\pi}{T} (-\frac{T}{2}) \right] & & & & \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left[-\frac{T}{n\omega} \cos n\pi \right] = -\frac{2}{n\omega} \cos n\pi = -\frac{2}{n\omega} \cos n\pi \end{aligned}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{T}{\pi} \left[\sin \omega t - \frac{\sin 2\omega t}{2} + \frac{\sin 3\omega t}{3} - \dots \right]$$

$$2. \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} -t & -\frac{T}{2} \leq t < 0 \\ t & 0 \leq t < \frac{T}{2} \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{aligned} A_0 &= \frac{2}{T} \left[\int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 -t dt + \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} t dt \right] = \frac{2}{T} \left[\left(-\frac{t^2}{2} \right) \Big|_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 + \left(\frac{t^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^{\frac{T}{2}} \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left(0 - -\frac{T^2}{4} + \frac{T^2}{4} \right) = \frac{2}{T} \frac{T^2}{4} = \frac{T}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_n &= \frac{2}{T} \left[- \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^0 t \cos nwt dt + \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} t \cos nwt dt \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left[2 \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} t \cos nwt dt \right] \quad u = t \quad du = dt \quad dv = \cos nwt dt \\ &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad v = \frac{1}{nw} \sin nwt \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left[\frac{t}{nw} \sin n \frac{2\pi}{T} t \Big|_0^{\frac{T}{2}} - \frac{1}{nw} \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} \sin nwt dt \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{T} \left[0 - 0 - \frac{1}{nw} \left(-\frac{1}{nw} \right) \cos nwt \Big|_0^{\frac{T}{2}} \right] \\ &= \frac{4}{T} \frac{1}{n^2 \left(\frac{2\pi}{T} \right)^2} \left[\cos n \left(\frac{2\pi}{T} \right) \frac{T}{2} - 1 \right] = \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} \left[\cos n\pi - 1 \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$n = 0, 2, 4, \dots \quad A_n = 0$$

$$n = 1, 3, 5, \dots \quad A_n = -\frac{2T}{n^2 \pi^2}$$

$B_n = 0$ BECAUSE $f(t)$ IS AN EVEN FUNCTION

$$f(t) = \frac{T}{4} - \sum_{n \neq 0, \text{ odd}} \frac{2T}{n^2 \pi^2} \cos nwt$$

1.15.1 GIVEN $\tilde{G}(w) = F[\delta(w - \omega)]$ FOR $f(t) = F e^{j\omega t}$

FIND: $\tilde{U}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{F \delta(w - \omega)}{\tilde{Z}_m} e^{j\omega t} dw$
 $= \frac{F}{\tilde{Z}_m} e^{j\omega t}$

1.15.7 Given: $F(t) = mg L(t)$

FIND: $\tilde{U}(t), \tilde{X}(t)$

$$\tilde{f}(w) = mg \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right) \left(\frac{1}{jw}\right)$$

$$\tilde{Z}(w) = j\left(wm - \frac{s}{w}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} U(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{mg \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right) \left(\frac{1}{jw}\right)}{j\left(wm - \frac{s}{w}\right)} e^{j\omega t} dw \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{mg e^{j\omega t}}{2\pi (-1)w \left(wm - \frac{s}{w}\right)} dw = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{-mg e^{j\omega t}}{2\pi (mw^2 - s)} dw \\ &= -g \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi m(w^2 - \frac{s}{m})} e^{j\omega t} dw = -\frac{g}{\omega_0} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{\omega_0}{w^2 - \omega_0^2} dw \\ &= +\frac{g}{\omega_0} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{\omega_0}{\omega_0^2 - w^2} dw = \boxed{\frac{g}{\omega_0} \sin \omega_0 t \quad L(t)} \end{aligned}$$

$$X(t) = \frac{g}{\omega_0} \int_0^t \sin \omega_0 t dt = -\frac{g}{\omega_0^2} \cos \omega_0 t \Big|_0^t L(t)$$

$$= -\frac{g}{\omega_0^2} (\cos \omega_0 t - 1) = \boxed{\frac{g}{\omega_0^2} (1 - \cos \omega_0 t)} L(t)$$