

1. If an acoustic wave travelling in a medium (of density 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>) has acoustic pressure given by

$$p(x,t) = (3 \times 10^2 \text{ Pa}) \cos[(2.50 \text{ m}^{-1})x - (3700 \text{ s}^{-1})t]$$

where x and t are in meters and seconds respectively, determine the following (ensure you show all work and the proper units):

- a) (1 Point) Wave speed or speed of sound in the medium, c?

$$c = \frac{\omega}{k} = \frac{3700 \text{ s}^{-1}}{2.5 \text{ m}^{-1}} = \boxed{1480 \text{ m/s}}$$

- b) (1 Point) What is the peak acoustic pressure of the wave, P<sub>a</sub>peak?

$$P_0 = \boxed{300 \text{ Pa}}$$

- c) (2 Points) What is the medium's peak particle velocity, U<sub>peak</sub>?

$$U_0 = \frac{P_0}{\rho_0 c} = \frac{300 \text{ Pa}}{(1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3})(1480 \text{ m/s})} = \boxed{2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m/s}}$$

- d) (1 Point) What is the effective or rms pressure?

$$P_{\text{rms}} = \frac{300 \text{ Pa}}{\sqrt{2}} = 212 \text{ Pa} \approx \boxed{210 \text{ Pa}}$$

- e) (1 Point) What is the effective or rms velocity?

$$U_{\text{rms}} = \frac{2.03 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m/s}}{\sqrt{2}} = \boxed{1.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m/s}}$$

- f) (2 Point) What is the time averaged intensity of the wave, <I>?

$$\langle I \rangle = \frac{P_{\text{rms}}^2}{\rho_0 c} = \frac{(212 \text{ Pa})^2}{(1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3})(1480 \text{ m/s})} = \boxed{.030 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}}$$

- g) (2 Points) The intensity level of the wave, IL?

$$IL = 10 \log \left( \frac{.0304 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}}{6.67 \times 10^{-19} \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}} \right) = 166.6 \text{ dB} \approx \boxed{167 \text{ dB}}$$

$$\text{OR}$$

$$SPL = 20 \log \left( \frac{212 \text{ Pa}}{1 \mu\text{Pa}} \right) = 166.5 \text{ dB} \approx \boxed{167 \text{ dB}}$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2\pi f \quad c = \frac{\lambda}{T} = f\lambda = \frac{\omega}{k} = \sqrt{\frac{B}{\rho}}$$

$$z = \frac{p(x,t)}{u(x,t)} = \rho c \quad \langle I \rangle = \frac{1}{2} z U_{\text{peak}}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{P_{\text{a peak}}^2}{z} = \frac{1}{2} P_{\text{a peak}} U_{\text{peak}} \quad F_{\text{rms}} = \frac{F_{\text{peak}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$IL = 10 \log \frac{\langle I \rangle}{I_{\text{ref}}} = SPL = 20 \log \frac{P_{\text{rms}}}{P_{\text{ref}}}$$

In water: p<sub>ref</sub>=1 uPa, I<sub>ref</sub>=6.67x10<sup>-19</sup> W/m<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\text{Pa}}{\text{kg m/s}^2 \text{ m/s}} &= \frac{\text{N/m}^2}{\text{kg m/s}^2} \\ &= \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}^2 \text{ m}^2} \frac{1}{\text{m/s}} \\ &= \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}^2 \text{ m}^2} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \\ &= \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \end{aligned}$$