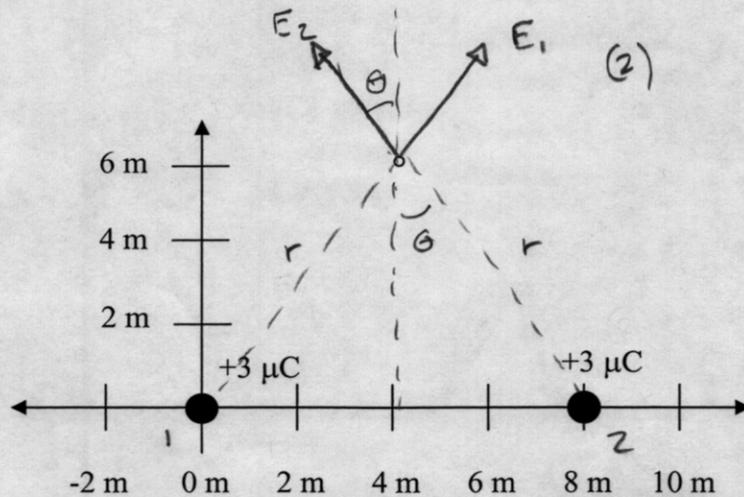


1. Two charges, each $+3.0 \mu\text{C}$ are located on the x-axis at the origin and at $x = 8.0 \text{ m}$ as shown. Find the electric field the point $(x = 4.0 \text{ m}, y = 6.0 \text{ m})$ shown in the sketch below. Show all work, including properly drawing, labeling, and combining the electric field vectors.



$$r = \sqrt{(4\text{m})^2 + (6\text{m})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{16\text{m}^2 + 36\text{m}^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{52\text{m}^2} \quad (2)$$

$$|\vec{E}_1| = |\vec{E}_2| = \frac{kq}{r^2} = \frac{(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2})(3 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{52\text{m}^2} = 5.19 \times 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}} \quad (2)$$

$$E_{1y} = E_{2y} = |E_1| \cos \theta = 5.19 \times 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}} \frac{6\text{m}}{\sqrt{52\text{m}^2}} \quad (2)$$

$$= 4.32 \times 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}}$$

$$E_{1x} = E_{2x} \quad \text{AND OPPOSITE DIRECTION} \Rightarrow \text{CANCELS} \quad (1)$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 = 2(4.32 \times 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}}) \hat{j} \quad (1)$$

$$= \boxed{8.6 \times 10^2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}} \hat{j}}$$

Possibly useful information: $k = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$
 $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2$
 $e = 1.9 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

$$\vec{F}_{12} = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r_{12}^2} \hat{r}_{12}$$

$$\vec{E} = \lim_{q \rightarrow 0} \frac{\vec{F}}{q}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{kq}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

$$E = \frac{2k\lambda}{r}$$

$$E = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$$

Extra Credit: Who played in Super Bowl I? Who won? Name either starting QB.
 You get a second EC point if you can name both starting QBs.